

Partly cloudy weather, probably thunderstorms in the afternoon; cooler Monday night; southwesterly, shifting to northerly winds.

The



Times

Circulation Yesterday, 20,500
Daily average last week, 55,086

NO. 1461.

WASHINGTON, MONDAY, APRIL 18, 1898.

ONE CENT.

MR. REED'S LASH

It Whips Republicans Into Line.

HOUSE WILL NOT CONCUR

The Senate Resolutions to Be Rejected.

MORE DELAY PROVIDED FOR

The Speaker Summons Committee Chairman to the Shoreham and Gives Them Their Orders—Republicans Make a Party Question of the Effort to Maintain the Nation's Honor and Precious Time Is to Be Wasted in Unnecessary Discussion.

The Republican leaders of the House have whipped the "insurgents" into line. The House will not support the clause of the Senate resolutions recognizing the independence of the Republic of Cuba. This was determined upon at a conference yesterday afternoon in the rooms of Speaker Reed at the Shoreham, but the exact method of accomplishing this was not arranged and will not be definitely decided until this morning when the House meets.

Yesterday Speaker Reed sent word to the chairman of the important committees requesting their presence at his rooms. When they had arrived he laid out the program. He said that the Cuban republic must not be recognized. Each chairman was to be held responsible for his Republican membership, and was to see them during the day and warn them of the decision of the Speaker and the wishes of the President. The general terms of the Senate resolutions were discussed and the Speaker was surprised to find that quite a number of his chairmen preferred them to those passed by the House for the reason that they were more specific and mandatory in their terms. As between the House and Senate without recognition the Speaker seemed to have little preference, but he was dead set against the recognition of the republic.

The President Displeased.

In the evening there was another conference at the White House at which Senators Elkins, Hanna and Burrows and Representative Grosvenor were present. The President expressed his strong displeasure at the recognition clause inserted in the Senate resolutions and insisted that it be stricken out, either in the House or in conference. At no time, however, it was stated last night, upon good authority, did the President intimate that he should veto the resolutions if that clause was retained. The House leaders, after this conference, stated in positive terms that the President would not be forced to meet this question for the House would never agree to it.

It is the program today when the resolution goes to the House to give two or three hours' debate, for several of the leaders are determined to go to the count.

"A breezy talk about clothing."

Such were "The Great Providers" commands to their advertising man, when he consulted them about what they wanted to tell the people today. It is not an easy thing to make breezy talk on such a prosaic subject as wearing apparel, but this much he can say and be in a position to know: THE GREAT PROVIDERS GIVE BIGGER VALUES THAN ANYONE IN TOWN. Their stock of clothing is not only large, but it is well selected and replete with the newest and most fashionable styles and patterns. Both in Men's and Ladies' Goods the selection is all. Another thing, you can have the goods charged wherever you wish, and without being put through a whole catalogue inquiry as to the state of your finances, either.

Very handsome selection of Ladies' Cloth Suits. The cut and tailoring is high-class—

\$5.50
The newest effects in Silk Waists—splendid quality of silk, in almost unlimited choice of colors—

\$2.50
Figured Brilliant Skirts—full width—the latest cut—a fascinating and handsome skirt.

98c
Shirt Waists, 39c.
Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists—a splendid choice of colors and styles—worth the everywhere.

MAYER & PETTIT,
45-47 Seventh St. N. W.

The war talk has lowered prices. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th & N. Y. Ave.

SPAIN IS ANGRY

Displeased by the Senate Resolutions.

MEDIATION IS IMPOSSIBLE

The Pope Eliminated From the Situation.

AN ULTIMATUM EXPECTED

The President's Demand Will Meet With a Firm Refusal From Spain, But the Refusal Will Be Couched in Respectful Diplomatic Language—The Cabinet Wishes to Throw the Burden of Responsibility on Us.

Madrid, April 17.—10:30 p. m.—Everything is quiet here at this hour. Several of the ministers still express hopes that peace will be maintained through European intervention. The vote on the warlike resolution in the United States Senate has created the worst sort of an impression here, and it is declared that a pacific settlement will be impossible should President McKinley endorse the recognition of the insurgents or the idea of armed intervention. The action of the Senate is likely to paralyze any possible mediation by the Pope or the powers in the interests of peace, because the resolution excludes all intermediate solutions, like Canadian autonomy, which Spain would accept.

What is here termed "the indecent precipitation of Congress" leads Spain to believe that America wants to rush into a conflict before the results of the armistice can be appreciated and before the autonomist government can parley with the Cuban leaders with the object of paying the way to their submission by granting large concessions.

A decisive turn is inevitable before the end of the week, when Minister Woodford will communicate to the Spanish government President McKinley's intentions.

An Ultimatum Expected.

In consequence of the resolutions the course expected here is that Mr. McKinley will lay the American pretensions before Spain, demanding both a reply on the principal points of settlement and the cessation of all naval and military reinforcements implying the possibility of a renewal of the struggle in Cuba. All such pretensions are sure to meet with a firm refusal on the part of Spain, who however, will say nothing aggressive in her reply as the government is determined to fix on the United States the responsibility for provoking war against a country which has made every

Secretary Long Wishes.

"I have not seen the President since Friday," said Secretary Long when seen last night at his hotel. "All interest in the matter has been transferred from the lower end of the Avenue to the Capitol, and we are awaiting the action of Congress."

GEN. LEE RETICENT.

No Official Notification of His Appointment.

Richmond, Va., April 17.—Consul General Lee, in answer to every inquiry in regard to his being appointed major general if the United States has a war with Spain, replies that he has heard nothing about it officially.

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Well-Known Citizen Killed While at Home Alone.

Louisville, April 17.—Emil Struck, a well-known German citizen, was mysteriously assassinated at his home in Clifton, a suburb of this city, last night. He was alone in the house at the time.

Crispien Re-elected.

Rome, April 17.—Ex-Prime Minister Crispien, who recently resigned from the Chamber of Deputies in order to seek vindication from his constituents for the censure passed upon him by the Chamber in connection with the bank scandal, has been re-elected in Palermo.

Pick From the Handsomest Ties

ever shown for 50c. Auerbach, 623 Pa. Av.

Clear White Oak, 4 cents a foot. Wheelwright Trough Oak.

Especially Rich Asots for 50c. New patterns. Auerbach's, 623 Pa. Av.

Antis, \$1.50 a keg of 100 lbs.; Chesapeake nails—the best made.

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SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Speaker Reed summoned Republican House leaders to the Shoreham yesterday and informed them that the Senate resolutions must be defeated. The friends of the resolutions need only twenty-five votes from the Republicans, and had not Reed applied the party lash would have secured them. The course of the Speaker will cause further delay.

The House will not concur in the Senate resolutions this morning and the subject will go to a conference committee appointed from the two houses. Final action may possibly be reached tomorrow, but the policy of the Administration is for as much delay as possible.

The latest canard of the Spanish legation is the announcement that Gen. Gomez has left the Island of Cuba.

The governor of the Spanish province of Malaga has apologized for the assault on the American consulate there.

Gen. Blanco has decided not to leave Havana at present. The rebellion in the Philippine Islands is spreading throughout the entire archipelago.

A dispatch from Vienna says that mediation in the Spanish-American dispute will not be renewed.

The country is now on a war footing, and it is expected that a blow will be struck this week.

Vessels of the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Company have been impressed and will be armed. Spain is making elaborate preparations for privateering.

An ultimatum is expected in Spain by the end of the week, but Madrid advises that "a decisive turn is inevitable before that time," which indicates that Spain is getting ready to strike the first blow.

The soldiers in camp at Chickamauga Park are under strict discipline as in time of war.

ARE AFRAID OF GOMEZ

Autonomists Refuse to Hunt Him Up in the Interior.

THEY MIGHT BE HANGED

The Scheme Is to Propose a Suspension of Hostilities for Four Months—Want to Discuss a Treaty of Peace—The American Congress Insulted by Havana Journals.

Havana, April 17.—At a late hour, a few minutes before the autonomist commissioners started for Batabano today, the Marquis of the Real Proclamation, who was one of them, refused to go.

The Marquis was appointed yesterday in place of Senor Viondi, who at a late hour also refused to join the party. There is great apprehension that if they fall into the hands of Gomez or some other insurgent leader they will not escape alive.

The commissioners now declare that they are not going to offer autonomy to the insurgents, but merely to propose to

THE GOVERNOR APOLOGIZES.

The Attack on the American Consulate at Malaga.

London, April 17.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Malaga says that the broken glass from the windows of the building made a pile in the roadway where they were placed this morning. The consulate looks as if it had been thoroughly wrecked.

The commission in the city was renewed some time after the first mob was dispersed. Several groups of rioters carried banners on which the words of peace were painted, this animal being treated in Spain, as synonymous with the American.

The governor of the province has apologized to Mr. Barthelemy, the consul. The furniture in the consulate was wrecked by the mob, but the archives were saved.

NO OTHER PAPER PUBLISHED IN WASHINGTON.

HAS OR HAS EVER HAD THE CIRCULATION OF

THE TIMES.

Last week—not counting "extras"—it circulated 353,479 copies. This is equivalent to a 600,000 circulation in New York and 400,000 in Philadelphia. Whoever desires to reach the people of Washington must use THE TIMES. Yesterday it printed 56,081 copies, and its daily average of last week was 55,086. The average of the week before was 53,685. No other paper has ever achieved such a circulation in Washington. The people read THE TIMES, and they will buy of merchants who advertise in THE TIMES.

MORE STEAMERS IMPRESSED.

Vessels of the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Company to Be Armed.

Madrid, April 17.—The cabinet has decided to arm more of the steamers of the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Company. Great interest has been aroused by the government's decision to publish the full official report of the Spanish commission that investigated the causes of the Maine disaster.

Further war measures have been discussed by the council.

Senor Moret, minister of the colonies, read at the meeting of the council today an energetic, aggressive address to the throne. It is likely that the address will be modified before it is presented.

Camp in Gala Attire.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 17.—Thousands of people visited Camp Boynton, Chickamauga Park, where the Twenty-fifth infantry is quartered today. Many saw troops of the regular army in camp for the first time, and for the old residents of the city, when Chickamauga was the strategic point alternately of both armies. The camp was in gala attire today, officers and men putting the entire day. The troops diversified themselves by organizing two teams and having an exciting game of baseball.

The troops will be centered about the battlefield, as the ground is admirably adapted for that purpose.

Flynn's Business College, 8th and K. None better, \$25 a year; day or night.

The Weather—Libbey & Co., 813—Partly cloudy, cooler Monday.

A SPANISH SUBTERFUGE

Story Circulated About Maximo Gomez.

SAYS HE HAS LEFT CUBA

Every Hour's Delay Strengthens Spain and Spanish Interests—War Expected This Week—The Administration Avowedly in Opposition to the Senate Resolutions.

Senor DuBois of the Spanish Legation made this statement yesterday for publication:

"General Gomez of the Cuban insurgents, has left the island of Cuba."

This statement of the Spanish Legation reveals the latest attempt of Spain to hoodwink the United States and the world in regard to the situation in Cuba. It is learned on the highest authority that Spain has been making a last futile attempt to buy Gen. Gomez into the negotiation of some peaceful settlement of the war. Spain recognizes that there is no other possibility in the situation now, and that within a few days American guns will be bombarding Moro Castle and American armies landing on Cuban soil, unless some desperate bluff may, perhaps, work a few more days' delay.

General Gomez was approached over a year ago with a money proposition and refused it with scorn. It is said that an immense fortune was offered him. Since that time, other Spanish envoys, under the guise of autonomist commissioners, have attempted to see him and propose peace to him, but they have met with as little success as the first money proposition. Gen. Gomez is, at the present, more absolutely resolved upon belligerence than at any time since the war began. He is more certain too that his hopes will be realized now that the United States Congress has voted to drive Spain off the island.

It is not believed that this Administration will have the audacity to propose any further time to Spain on account of any such ridiculous statement as that issued by DuBois last night and apparently to be made officially by Spain today.

General Gomez is at the present moment on the island and in command of the Cuban army, waiting to co-operate with the army of the United States in the taking of Havana and other seaport towns now under the control of Spain.

War This Week.

This is the week that will usher in the war with Spain. No one doubts now that before next Monday the guns will boom. The fleets and the armies of the United States will push toward Cuba from today on. Some day this week Captain Sampson will give the signal that will send the fleet sailing at Havana. Some day later the first regiment of United States troops will land on Cuban shores.

There is every indication that the large part of the people whether they have been for peace or war are very glad that the die is cast. There has been a period of uncertainty and suspense worse than war for the last two months. Business has suffered terribly. Yesterday there was already noticeable the feeling of relief on people's faces. The men in the hat lobbies held up their heads better and the newspaper men were more confident and buoyant.

Even the Administration has succumbed to the inevitable and given up the struggle for peace in the last quick preparations for war. The peace senators were at the White House yesterday, but they talked of war only. The President went to church for the first time in several weeks, showing very plainly that he is relieved that his problem is answered for him.

The business men are forming regiments like the common people. Wall Street is to put a complete regiment, of its own men, fully equipped into the field immediately. Wall Street now advises war, and a hot, quick one, waged with all the energy that the market is capable of. Wall Street is also saying at the last that there will not be any great panic in the market when war is declared, and that a short war will not hurt business seriously. This is entirely different from the view first taken, but it is the right one very certainly.

This view was put forth by the peace crowd to have its effect in preventing war when the war was inevitable. The truth is told without compunction.

The Administration program is unchanged. The President will sign any resolutions that are sent to him, immediately. After that he will make a last appeal to Spain, in the form of an ultimatum. It is believed that twenty-four hours will be the limit allowed for an answer.

It was stated last night by a personal friend of the President and an Administration Republican in the House that the President does not care how long the Congress delays, and is even hopeful that several days will be consumed in reaching an agreement between the two houses. It was stated that every advantage of the situation would be grasped and that Mr. Reed would be as arbitrary and as forceful as he has ever been.

The difficulty of an early solution of the trouble lies in the fact that if a conference is made necessary, Mr. Hobart and Mr. Reed will appoint committees favorable to the Administration.

Even when it is known positively that a large majority of both bodies are for a strong resolution, the technical difficulties of the situation may make it impossible for the House to concur in the Senate resolutions, which are, in fact, an amendment to the House resolution. If this is done, a conference committee will be appointed. The majority of this committee will be strongly in favor of the mildest form of resolution possible, probably milder than the House resolution.

It may then occur that Congress will further notice the cash prices of my high grade coals will be as follows: White Ash, Furnace \$4.75; Egg \$5.00; Chestnut \$5.00; Stove \$5.25; Red Ash, Stove \$5.50; Egg \$5.50; Lykens Valley, \$5.25; J. Maury Dove, 21 and 1, 1200 H. 1000 M. N. W. and 13 and D. S. W. Chestnut No. 2 \$4.50. ap18,21,23

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FEARED AN AMERICAN CRUISER

Anxiety of Spanish Officials Fleeing From the Philippines.

London, April 17.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Singapore says that the Spanish mail boat Leo XIII, from Manila, arrived at that place today. Among her passengers were the Marquis of Estrada, the retiring governor of the Philippine Islands, and the bishop-elect of Porto Rico.